High Efficiency and Stable Perovskite Solar Cells

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Abstract: Lead halide perovskite solar cells have become one of the most promising alternative photovoltaics with efficiency comparable to Si solar cells. The stabilities are the main challenge for commercialization of perovskite photovoltaics. The volatile organic cations would lead to the chemical degradation of perovskite solar cells. Therefore, various approaches have been developed to stabilize the A site cations including reduced dimension and MA locker designation and mixed cation perovskite etc. Among them, the all-inorganic lead halide perovskite without volatile component would be a promising alternative candidate for high efficiency photovoltaics. However, the all-inorganic black phase CsPbI\(_3\) face the challenges of low room temperature phase stability and relative low efficiency. To enhance the performance and stability of all-inorganic CsPbI\(_3\) perovskite, the 2D/3D configuration was introduced to stabilize the black phase CsPbI\(_3\). The 2D based on EDAPbI\(_4\) help stabilize black phase CsPbI\(_3\) to achieve up to >11% efficiency. Furthermore, a facile organic cation surface termination approach was developed to significantly enhance the stability and performance of α-CsPbI\(_3\) solar cell with >15% efficiency. The bifunctional stabilization of CsPbI\(_3\) with gradient Br doping and organic cation termination finally improve the efficiency of CsPbI\(_3\) perovskite solar cells to a record value of 17% with enhanced stabilities. Recently, a concept new beta phase CsPbI\(_3\) with better phase stability push the efficiency up to 19%. In all, the CsPbI\(_3\) perovskite would be an ideal candidate for stable and efficient perovskite photovoltaics.

References:

Biography:
Yixin Zhao is a professor at Shanghai Jiao Tong University. He graduated from Shanghai Jiao Tong University with B.S. and M.S. degrees in chemistry and received his Ph.D. degree from Case Western Reserve University in 2010, followed by working as a postdoctoral fellow at Penn State University and the National Renewable Energy Laboratory. His current research interests focus on perovskite solar cells and perovskite-based functional materials for solar energy conversion and environmental remediation application.