



## Legacy RefWorks – organise your references with folders

Instructions reproduced courtesy of RefWorks, August 2021

QG RFW004 [www.abdn.ac.uk/library/documents/guides/qgrfw004.pdf]

### IMPORTANT NOTE:

There are two versions of RefWorks - Legacy and New. Mac users and/or new taught students will find New RefWorks easier to use. Academic staff and research postgraduate students may find Legacy more powerful. Please use the version that best suits your requirements. More information available at <https://bit.ly/3siAGYU>



Legacy RefWorks comes with two storage areas set up for you, **Last Imported Folder** and **Not In Folder**. We recommend that you create a collection of your own folders and sub-folders to organise your references. Folders help to save you time by making it easy to find them. You can store a single reference in multiple folders – so there is no need to keep duplicate references.

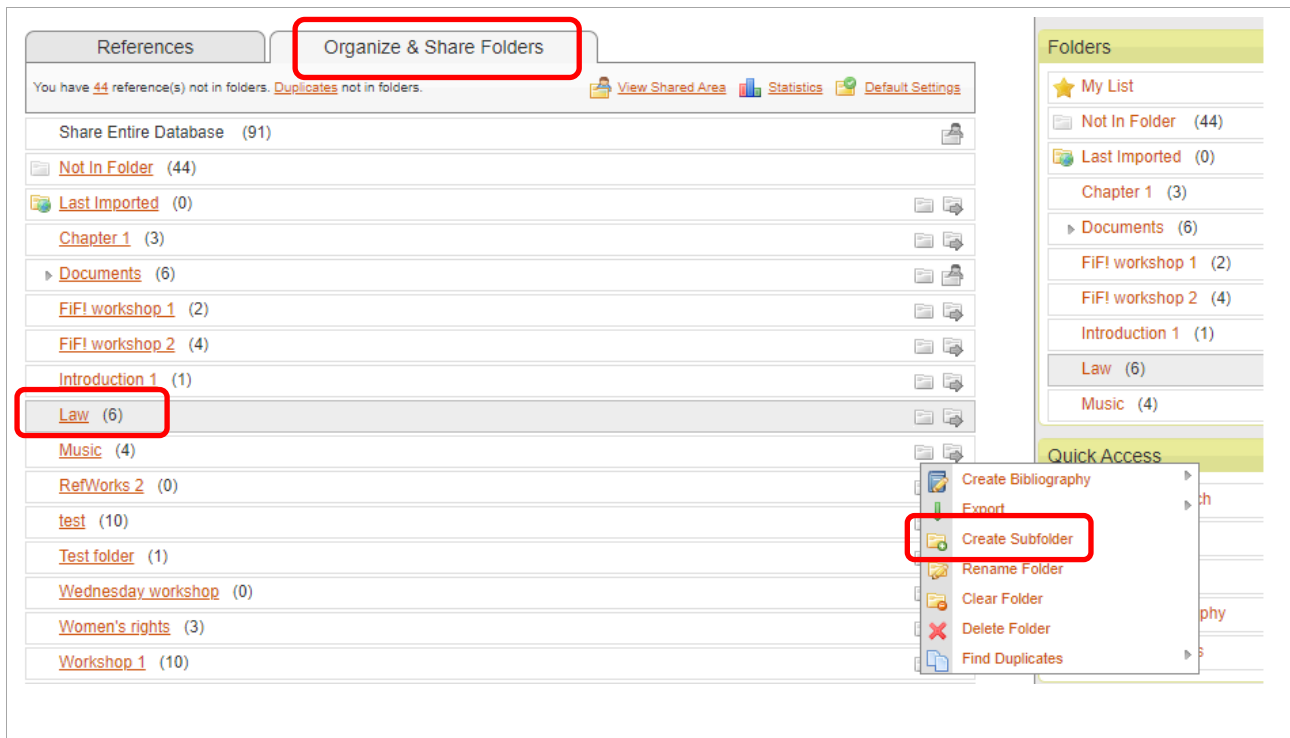
### 1. Using the Last Imported Folder

The **Last Imported Folder** contains the references from your most recent import, e.g. from a direct export from a database or a text file (2-step import process). These references are automatically moved out of the **Last Imported Folder** and replaced the next time you import new references. The best way of organising references after an import is to move them into a folder before doing another import, otherwise the references will be unfiled in **Not In Folder**.

### 2. How to create a new folder

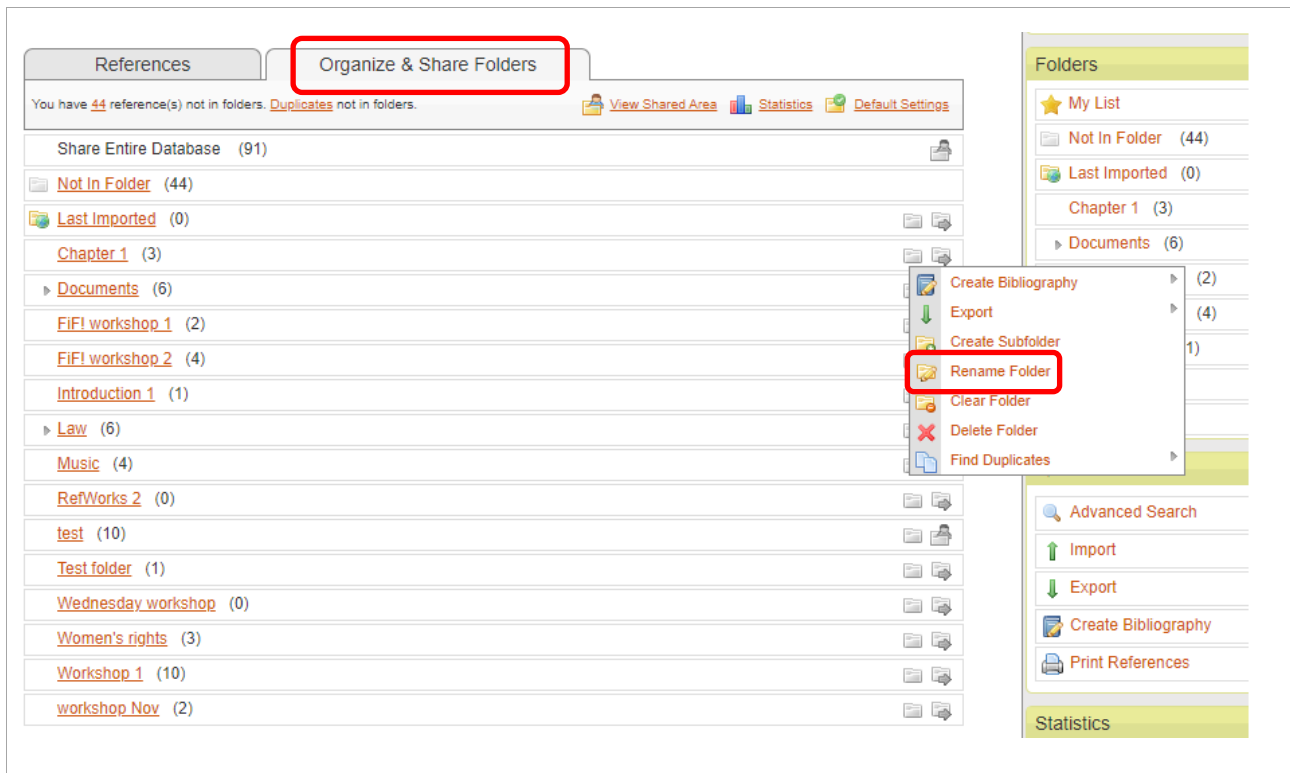
<p>1. Click the <b>New Folder</b> button located near the top left-hand side of the page.</p>	
<p>2. <b>Name</b> the folder.</p>	
<p>3. Click <b>Create</b>.</p>	
<p>4. Your folders can be accessed from the <b>Folders</b> section on the right-hand side of the page.</p>	

### 3. How to create a new subfolder



1. Click on the **Organize & Share Folders** tab from the main viewing area of Legacy RefWorks.
2. Locate the parent folder you wish to create the subfolder under (see above).
3. Click the **Folder icon** to the right of the parent folder name.
4. Select **Create Subfolder** from the list of options.
5. **Name** the subfolder and click **Create**.
6. Expand (and collapse) subfolders by clicking on the triangle to the left of the parent folder name.
7. Your subfolder is displayed below the parent folder and is slightly indented.

## 4. How to rename a folder or subfolder



The screenshot displays the Legacy RefWorks interface. At the top, there are two tabs: 'References' and 'Organize & Share Folders', with the latter highlighted and circled in red. Below the tabs, a message states: 'You have 44 reference(s) not in folders. Duplicates not in folders.' To the right of this message are links for 'View Shared Area', 'Statistics', and 'Default Settings'. The main area shows a list of folders and subfolders, including 'Share Entire Database (91)', 'Not In Folder (44)', 'Last Imported (0)', 'Chapter 1 (3)', 'Documents (6)', 'FiFi workshop\_1 (2)', 'FiFi workshop\_2 (4)', 'Introduction\_1 (1)', 'Law (6)', 'Music (4)', 'RefWorks 2 (0)', 'test (10)', 'Test folder (1)', 'Wednesday workshop (0)', 'Women's rights (3)', 'Workshop 1 (10)', and 'workshop Nov (2)'. A context menu is open over the 'Documents' folder, listing options: 'Create Bibliography (2)', 'Export (4)', 'Create Subfolder (1)', 'Rename Folder', 'Clear Folder', 'Delete Folder', and 'Find Duplicates'. The 'Rename Folder' option is highlighted with a red box. On the right side, there is a 'Folders' panel with a 'My List' section containing 'Not In Folder (44)', 'Last Imported (0)', 'Chapter 1 (3)', and 'Documents (6)'. Below this is an 'Advanced Search' section with 'Import', 'Export', 'Create Bibliography', and 'Print References' options. At the bottom right, there is a 'Statistics' section.

1. Click on the **Organize & Share Folders** tab from the main viewing area of Legacy RefWorks.
2. Click the **Folder** icon to the right of the folder or subfolder you wish to rename.
3. Select **Rename Folder** from the list of options.
4. In the **Rename Folder** box, type the new name.
5. Click the **Rename** button.

## 5. How to delete a folder or subfolder

1. Click on the **Organize & Share Folders** tab from the main viewing area of Legacy RefWorks.
2. Click the **Folder** icon to the right of the folder or subfolder you wish to delete.
3. Select **Delete folder** from the list of options.
4. When the confirmation message box appears, click the **Delete Folder** button.
5. The folder or subfolder is deleted, but the references contained in the folder/subfolder remain in the database, in other folders, or unfiled. You can search for references by using the **Search Your Database** option at the top of the screen.

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## 6. How to empty a folder or subfolder

You can clear (or empty) a folder/subfolder keeping the folder intact, but removing the contents. To clear a folder or subfolder:

1. Click on the **Organize & Share Folders** tab from the main viewing area of Legacy RefWorks.
2. Click the **Folder** icon to the right of the folder or subfolder you wish to clear the references from.
3. Select **Clear Folder** from the list of options.
4. When the confirmation message box appears, click the **Clear Folder** button.
5. The folder is emptied, and the references remain in the database either unfiled or in other folders.

## 7. How to view references not in a folder (unfiled)

1. Click on the **Organize & Share Folders** tab from the main viewing area of Legacy RefWorks.
2. Click the numerical link in the statement "**You have # reference(s) not in folders**" at the top of the folder list.
3. You can also view **Duplicates not in folders** from this area.

## Help and Advice

For IT advice, or problems on setting up access to electronic resources:

Visit **MyIT Portal** – the self-service facility: <https://myit.abdn.ac.uk/>

For further information, see the IT Services' Help and Support page:

[www.abdn.ac.uk/it/student/help/index.php](http://www.abdn.ac.uk/it/student/help/index.php)

Tel: 0044 (0)1224 273636

For help with databases and importing records into Legacy RefWorks contact the **Information Consultant** for your subject area. [Information Consultant contact details can be found online.](#)