













## NIHR Global Health Research Group on promoting children's and adolescent's mental wellbeing in sub-Saharan Africa Project Launch

Monday 3<sup>rd</sup> October 2022



## Housekeeping

Today's launch is chaired by **Professor Agnes Binagwaho**, from the University of Global Health Equity, Rwanda.



Please keep your microphone muted. If your bandwidth is low, try turning off your camera.

There will be opportunities to ask questions after each presentation, and at a Q&A session towards the end of the launch.

In the meantime, please put any questions in the chat.



#### **Agenda**

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- 1. Welcome to Project Launch by Professor Agnes Binagwaho, University of Global Health Equity
- **2. Opening Remarks** by Professor Pete Edwards, the Vice-Principal of Regional Engagement and Regional Recovery, University of Aberdeen
- **3. Overview of the Project** by Professor Pamela Abbott, University of Aberdeen
- 4. Introduction to Mindfulness by Professor Graeme Nixon, University of Aberdeen
- 5. Overview of child and adolescent education in sub-Saharan Africa by Professor Wenceslas Nzabalirwa, University of Rwanda
- 6. Break
- 7. Overview of mental wellbeing in sub-Saharan Africa by Dr Tsion Hailu, Addis Ababa University
- 8. Q&A with Professors Agnes Binagwaho, Pamela Abbott, Graeme Nixon, Wenceslas Nzabalirwa and Dr Tsion Hailu
- 9. Closing Remarks by Professor Agnes Binagwaho, University of Global Health Equity



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## **Opening Remarks**

Professor Pete Edwards, Vice-Principal of Regional Engagement and Regional Recovery, University of Aberdeen, UK





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## **Project Overview**

Professor Pamela Abbott, Director of the Centre for Global Development, University of Aberdeen, UK



#### The Research Consortium









With £2.88 million in funding from the NIHR, the University of Aberdeen, Addis Ababa University, the University of Global Health Equity, and the University of Rwanda have formed a research consortium.

Between August 2022 and July 2026 we will be working together to research a mindfulness intervention to promote children and adolescent mental wellbeing in sub-Saharan Africa. The project will be delivered in Rwanda and Ethiopia and benefit around 10,000 children.



#### **Context**

Children and adolescent mental wellbeing is an under-researched issue in sub-Saharan Africa, making our project critically important.

There is a lack of community awareness and few interventions to promote wellbeing.

In SSA, child wellbeing is poor and school attainment is low.

Mental health issues are the leading cause of illness among children and adolescents, with about 1 in 7 having mental health problems.

Children and adolescents with untreated mental health issues are likely to have poor mental health as adults.

COVID-19 has impacted mental wellbeing, making it even more urgent to find acceptable, affordable, and effective interventions.



#### **Our Aim**

Our overall aim is to develop, implement, and evaluate an affordable, effective, and trusted whole school mindfulness intervention to improve the mental well-being of children and adolescents in Rwanda and Ethiopia.

The benefits of the mindfulness intervention is that it not only improves children's mental wellbeing but also their school performance.



#### **Our Team**

Our team is made up of researchers from Ethiopia, Rwanda, and the UK. They include health experts, psychiatrists, social scientists, Economists, gender experts, and teacher educators.

We have an International Advisory Board, including government officials from both countries and world-leading experts on wellbeing, education and mindfulness.

We recognise people are the experts on their own lives. Community members, including parents, teachers, children, and adolescents, will help us co-design the mindfulness intervention.

## **Theory of Change**

#### Inputs

- Engagement with communities, parents, and teachers
- Engagement with policy stakeholders
- Development culturally relevant CAMH intervention
- Training of teachers in mindfulness in schools to promote and enhance CAMH.
- Education and training in evaluation methodology

#### **Mechanisms of Change**

- Whole school mindfulness Intervention
- Community and policy actors engaged in the project
- Increased capacity for researchers to investigate and demonstrate outcomes from intervention

#### Outputs

- CA completed mindfulness course
- Teachers completed training in mindfulness
- UoR validated professional diploma in mindfulness
- Evaluation and costing of the intervention
- Country and community ownership of the intervention.
- Peer-reviewed publications
- Training materials
- Policy briefs

#### **Outcomes**

#### Short term

- -(Perceived) improvement in CA mental wellbeing
- -(Perceived improvement in teachers' mental wellbeing
- -Intervention embedded in national teaching qualifications
- -CA, communities and teachers recognise the value of the culturally relevant whole school CAMH intervention
- Policy makers committed to evidenced-based CAMH whole school intervention
- Capacity for research leadership and of researchers in transdisciplinary, mixed methods wellbeing studies enhanced.
- Proof of concept including cost-effectiveness

#### Medium term (outside the lifetime of the project)

- CAs' experience of school and wellbeing improved
- Teachers' wellbeing improved in Rwanda and Ethiopia
- -Community engagement maintained and spread across Rwanda and Ethiopia
- -Funding secured for testing CAMH intervention at scale

#### Longterm

- -Improvement in CA mental wellbeing
- -Improvement in educational attainment
- -Improved employment prospects
- -Reduction in depression and anxiety among young adults and a narrowing of the gender gap
- -Reduction in poverty and inequalities, including gender inequalities
- -Increase in women's and girls' empowerment

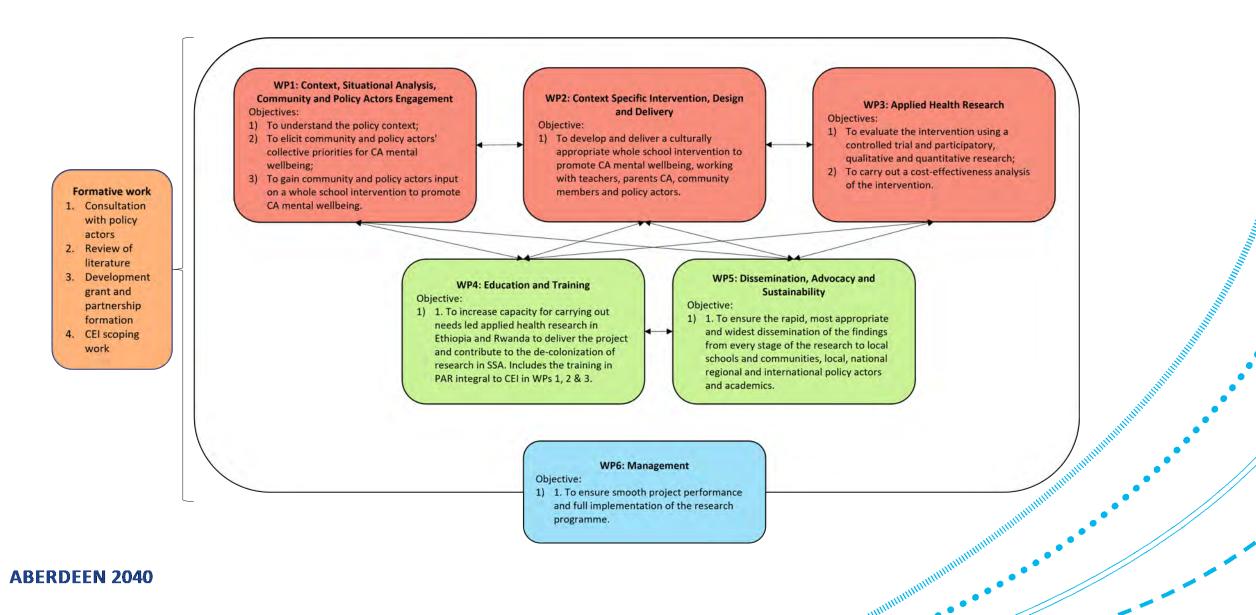
#### **Context**

- Challenges
- Economic barriers to increased investment in CAMH
- Regional political instability
- Limited community engagement, low accountability between state and society
- Limited funding for research, reliance on external support
- Limited organisational commitments to research
- Schools under resourced and large class sizes
- Teachers already overburdened

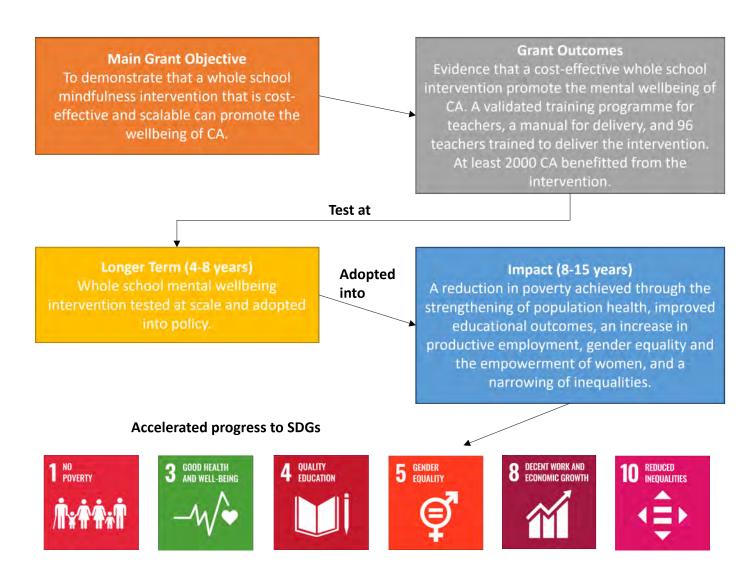
#### Opportunities

- Political support for CAMH and policy commitments
- Commitment to evidenced-informed policy making
- Commitment to pro-poor and inclusive development
- Commitment to enhance and build on existing research capacity

#### Overview of the Work Packages



#### **Impact**





#### **Innovation**

Community Engagement and Involvement

Transdisciplinary

Gender Transformative

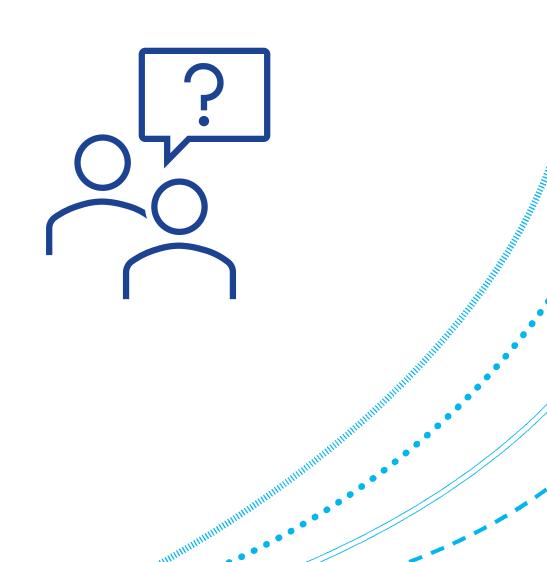
Critical Realist Informed Cluster Control Trial



#### Questions

Do you have any questions about the 'Project Overview'?

Please raise your hand by selecting 'raise your hand' from the 'Reactions' tab at the top of the screen, or post your question in the chat.





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# Introduction to Mindfulness

Professor Graeme Nixon, University of Aberdeen, UK





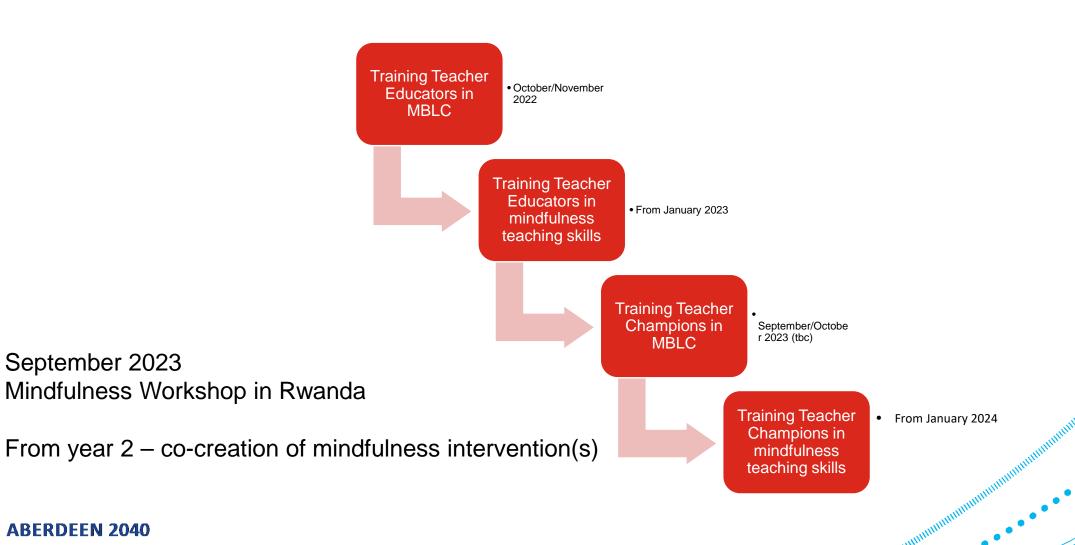
## **Work Package 2**

#### **Key Tasks**

- 1. Systematic reviews
- 2. Training teacher educators in mindfulness
- 3. Training teacher champions in mindfulness
- 4. Developing a appropriate mindfulness intervention for Rwandan and Ethiopian schools



### The years ahead



**ABERDEEN 2040** 

September 2023



#### **An Introduction to Mindfulness**

"Mindfulness is the awareness that emerges through paying attention in a particular way...

On purpose

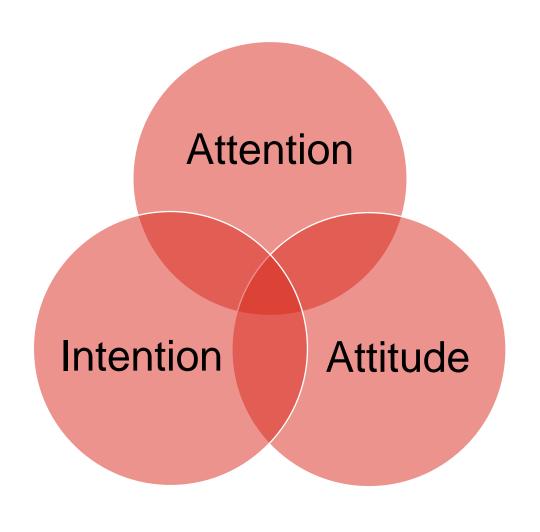
In the present moment

To the unfolding of experience moment by moment" Kabat-Zinn 2003

Observing our thoughts and sensations, whatever they may be, with an attitude of kindness and curiosity



### Three aspects of mindfulness



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#### What mindfulness is not

## Religious

Stopping thought or emptying the mind



## **Applications in Multiple Contexts**

Healthcare

Education

Creativity

**Sport** 

Social Work

**Prison Service** 

Business



## A mindfulness practice

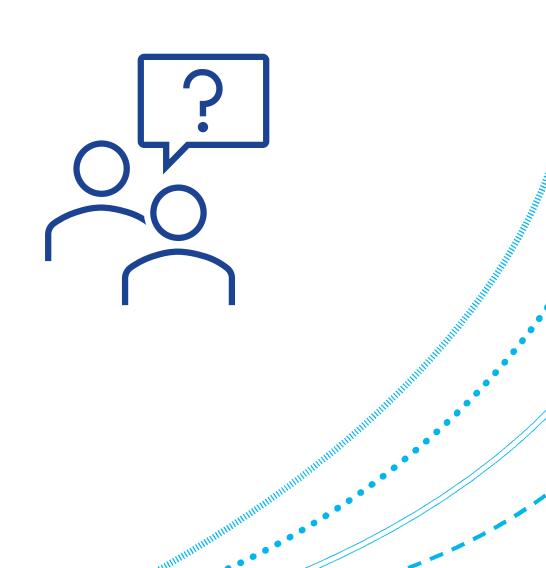




#### Questions

Do you have any questions about an 'Introduction to Mindfulness?'

Please raise your hand by selecting 'raise your hand' from the 'Reactions' tab at the top of the screen, or post your question in the chat.





An overview of child and adolescent education in sub-Saharan Africa

Professor Wenceslas Nzabalirwa, College of Education, University of Rwanda













# Overview of child and adolescent education in sub-Saharan Africa

#### NIHR Project Launch

3Y

Prof. Wenceslas Nzabalirwa (PhD)
University of Rwanda-College of Education (UR-CE)



#### **Outline**

- The power of education
- The right to education in SSA
- Primary school children contextualized data
- Challenges facing primary school children in SSA
- Education for health and wellbeing
- Mindfulness: framework for promoting child mental wellbeing in school context
- Evidence for mindfulness
- Mindful teachers make difference
- References



## The power of education

## EDUCATION IS THE MOST POWERFUL WEAPON WHICH YOU CAN USE TO CHANGE

THE WORLD - NELSON MANDELA





## The right to education

- "Everyone has the right to education," Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- All Children and Adolescents (CA) have a right to enjoy their childhood as well as being able to attain their full potential and lead productive adult lives (WHO Secretariat, 2012).
- SDG Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all
- Accelerate progress towards achieving the SDGs, including SDG 3 (health); SDG 5 (gender equality), SDG 8 (economic development & employment), SDG 10 (inequalities) and SDG 1 (poverty)

03/10/2022



#### Primary school children contextualized data

Indicators	Ethiopia	Rwanda	Source
Children living in high poverty in 2017 (less than \$1.95ppp a day)	26%	60%	Silwal, A. R. et al. (2020)
(i) Compulsory primary school education	7-15 years	7-13 years	Trines, S. (2019) and Mekonnen, H. et al. (2020)
(ii) Low completion rates and over- age (iii) Low academic performance of children	V	V	u
with mental health	V	V	u
Primary net enrolment rate	99.9% (in 2018)	98.3% (in 2018) 98.9% (in 2021)	USAID (2018) and MINEDUC (2022)
Pupil : teacher ratio	≥ 50 children	≥ 50 children	Classroom data

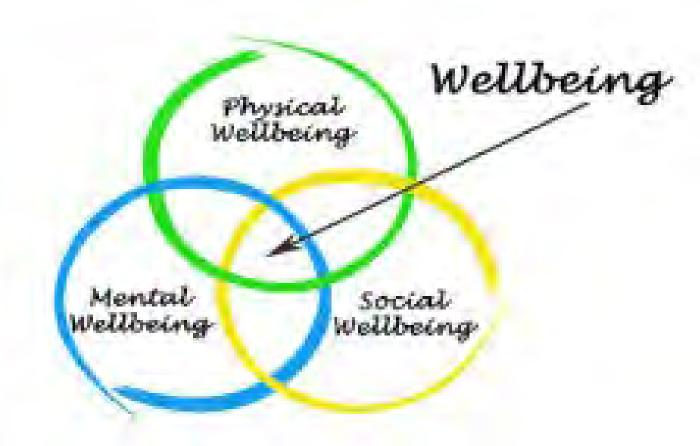


#### Challenges facing primary school children in SSA

- 72 million children out of primary school, with 50% living in SSA
- About 130 million children of primary school age in SSA without basic literacy and numeracy skills
- Poverty factors of increases in out-of-school and dropout rates are: health issues, unemployment and illiterate parents
- Other factors are: lack of financial resources needed for schooling materials, creating schools and recruiting and training teachers
- ✓ Girls reveal to be the ones majorly disadvantaged by non-schooling



#### **Education for health and well-being**



"Education and health care significantly influence well-being and health outcomes, especially throughout adolescence"

(UNESCO, 2016 & 2022)

NIHR Project launch



# Mindfulness: framework for promoting child mental wellbeing in school context

Four key aspects to our wellbeing:
COPE - CONNECT - FLOURISH - EMPOWER CHANGE

For all of us in education mindfulness can help:

- COPE with the pressures and uncertainties of life and work,
- connect with people and places,
- flourish through appreciating ourselves, others and the world around us, and
- provide the perspective and vision to empower us to change what isn't working for us.

(Estyn, 2019)



## Evidence for mindfulness: impact on the wellbeing and performance of the school staff (Katherine Weare, 2014)

#### Increased:

Wellbeing

Mindfulness

Self-compassion

Sustained attention

Emotional regulation

Teaching efficacy

#### **Decreased:**

Stress

Anxiety

Depression

**Demotivation** 

Time-urgency

**Burnout symptoms** 



#### Mindful teachers make difference





#### Some references

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# Thank you for your kind attention



## Questions

Do you have any questions about an 'An overview of child and adolescent education in sub-Saharan Africa'?

Please raise your hand by selecting 'raise your hand' from the 'Reactions' tab at the top of the screen, or post your question in the chat.







# Break – please return in 10 minutes



Overview of mental wellbeing in sub-Saharan Africa

Dr Tsion Hailu (M.D), Psychiatrist, Addis Ababa University, Ethiopia.







# Child and Adolescent Mental Health in Sub-Saharan Africa

Tsion Hailu (M.D)

Psychiatrist



## Introduction



- Child and adolescent make up a quarter of the world's population
- 85% of them live in low- and middle-income countries (LMICs)



## Introduction...



- CA mental wellbeing is an under-researched issue in SSA and LMICs generally (Mbwayo, A. et al 2021)
- There is limited reliable data
  - On the prevalence and risk factors for mental illness
  - Or evidence on what works to promote mental wellbeing and
  - What strategies are most cost-effective



# Evidence on Child and Adolescent Mental Health



- Globally, mental disorders are the leading cause of disability in young people (WHO, 2020).
- About 20% of individuals experience mental health problems during their lifetime.
- 50% of adults with mental health issues first experienced them before they were 14 years old.



### Evidence...



- The burden is higher in SSA (Orth, Z., & Wyk, B. van. 2020)
- In SSA (Cortina, M. et. al 2012, March 5)
  - 1 in 7 CA having mental health issues.
  - 1 in 10 (9.5%) having a specific psychiatric disorder.



### Evidence ...



- In Rwanda, the national mental health survey found a
  - Prevalence rate for mental disorders among those aged 14-18 of 10%
- The depression rate in HIV-positive and HIV-Affected CA is also higher
- 48% among teenage mothers.
- In Ethiopia, the CA prevalence rate was estimated to be between 12% and 25% in 2012 (NMHS, 2019)



## Consequences



- Critical age for mental health
- Poor mental wellbeing among CA is associated with:
  - Lower school attendance and academic performance
  - Increased involvement in risky behaviours
  - Mental health problems persisting into adult life
  - Poorer quality of life.



# **Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service**



#### There is wide treatment gap

(Atilola.O. 2014, Batunde, G. B et.al, 2019, Sankah, O. et al. 2018)



# Challenges



- Lack of a clear plan for promoting CA mental wellbeing
- Low domestic spending and doners funding
- Lack of available, accessible, acceptable, and quality services
- Shortage of qualified professionals
  - Rwanda has no child psychiatrists or specialist facilities for MH,
  - Ethiopia has 2 child psychiatrists and 2 specialist facilities.



# Challenges...



- Lack of knowledge of health-seeking behaviour
- Stigma
- A preference for seeking help from traditional and religious leaders



## Conclusion



- There is an urgent need to promote the mental wellbeing of CA in LICs
- It should be culturally relevant and acceptable and sustainable



# Thank you!





## Questions

Do you have any questions about an 'Overview of mental wellbeing in sub-Saharan Africa'?

Please raise your hand by selecting 'raise your hand' from the 'Reactions' tab at the top of the screen, or post your question in the chat.



# Q&A













## **Closing Remarks**

Professor Agnes Binagwaho, University of Global Health Equity, Rwanda



## Thank you!

Thank you for attending today's launch and we hope you found it interesting and informative.

We would also like to take this opportunity to thank the NIHR for their generous funding. This project is funded by the NIHR Global Health Research Programme (NIHR133712). The views expressed are those of the author(s) and not necessarily those of the NIHR or the Department of Health and Social Care.

If you have any feedback or questions about today, please email <a href="military">nihrcmw@abdn.ac.uk</a>