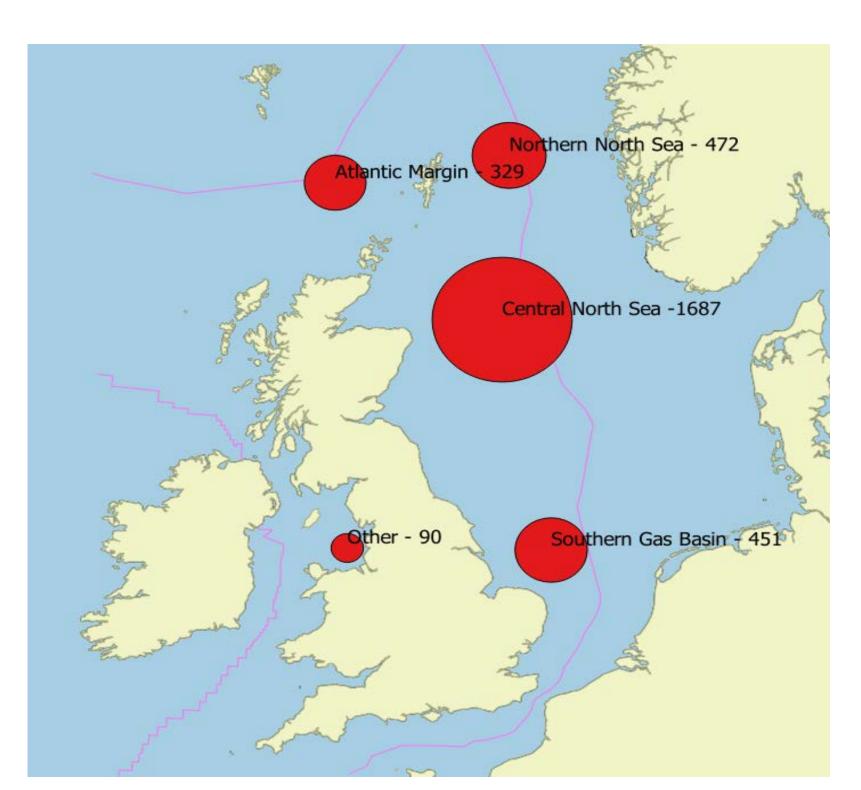
Title Economic Analysis and Fiscal Policy Implications and Their Potential Exploitation in the UKCS

Name: Joshua ljeh

1 4 9 5 UNIVERSITY OF ABERDEEN

INTRODUCTION

- ➤ The UKCS is one of the most experienced regions in the world. Produced 43.5 billion BOE and around 12-24 billion BOE remaining.
- ➤ More than 3 billion BOE remain in approximately 350 unsanctioned discoveries each containing less than 50mmBOE.
- Improving the ability to exploit the potential of untapped small pools could offer a new lease of life to the UKCS including the supply chain.



METHODOLOGY

- ➤ Deterministic modelling using a set of representative small pools including sensitivity analysis producing tornado diagrams
- ➤ Monte Carlo uncertainty analysis
- > GIS Modelling using Wood Mackenzie database

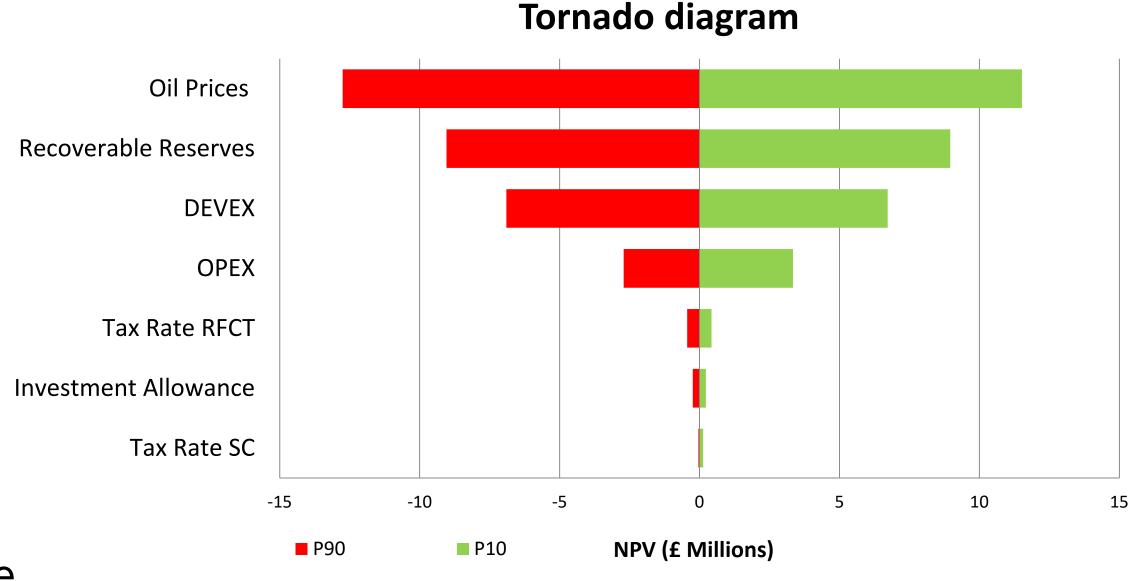
ASSUMPTIONS and INPUTS

	Maria
Field Size (mmBOE)	2.61
DEVEX (\$mm)	52.73
OPEX (\$mm)	52.99
Unit Development Costs (\$/BOE)	20.2
Unit Operating Costs (\$/BOE)	20.3
Accumulated Costs (\$mm)	105.72
Decommissioning Costs (\$mm)	5.2

Base Year	<i>2017</i>
Investment Allowance	62.5%
(Against Supplementary	
Charge)	
Oil Price in Base Period	\$50
(\$ per Barrel of Oil	
Equivalent)	
Inflation rate	2%
Real Discount Rate	10%
(Industry Norm)	
Tax Rate-RFCT	30%
Tax Rate- Supplementary	10%
Charge	

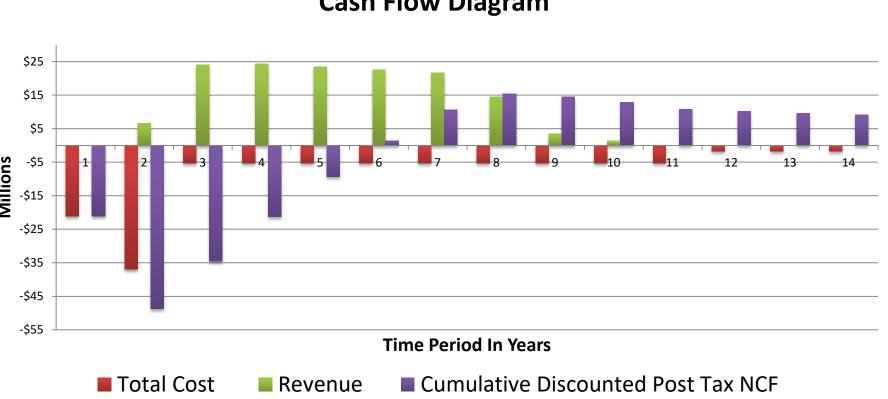
RESULTS

Present Value		
Pre Tax NPV (million)	\$ 11.96	£ 9.21
Post Tax NPV (million)	\$ 9.14	£ 7.04
Government Tax Take	\$ 2.82	£ 2.17
NPV/I	0.18	
Simple Payback Year	4	2021



RESEARCH QUESTIONS

- ➤ How can the economics of small pools be improved in the UKCS, regarding reductions in DEVEX/OPEX, increases Oil/Gas Prices and Tax Changes?
- What are the major risks to small pools development and barriers preventing the industry achieving MER UK?
 Cash Flow Diagram



Sensitivity Analysis identified Oil prices, Reserves and DEVEX/OPEX as the most influential to returns. RFCT has more effect than SC

CONCLUSIONS

- Development of small pools not attractive in the current environment with oil price of \$50 due to capital rationing
- Surge in oil price is an overwhelming parameter but not a sufficient condition on its own.
- R & D granting further cost reductions and technological progress reducing costs are vital
- The UK Government should ensure preventing early closure of critical hubs and parent fields